

Power to
make rules.

15. (1) The President of the Union may make rules to carry out the objects of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the President of the Union may make rules,—

(a) for the detention, inspection, disinfection or destruction of any article or class of articles or of any insect or class of insects in respect of which a notification has been issued under section 3 or under section 4A, or of any article which may have been in contact or proximity thereto, and for regulating the powers and duties of the officers whom he may appoint in this behalf ;

(b) prescribing the nature of the documents which shall accompany any article or insect the transport or export of which is subject to conditions or restrictions imposed under section 4A, or which shall be held by the consignor or consignee thereof, the authorities which may issue such documents, and the manner in which such documents shall be employed.

(3) In making any rule under this section the President of the Union may direct that a breach thereof shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

Protection
to persons
acting under
Act.

6. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

THE WATER HYACINTH ACT,

[BURMA ACT I, 1917.] (10th March, 1917.)

Definition.

1. * * * *

2. In this Act the expression "water hyacinth" means the plant botanically known as *Eichhornia crassipes*, and includes the seed and every part of the plant.

Water
hyacinth
declared
a public
nuisance.

3. The presence of the water hyacinth in the Union of Burma is hereby declared to be and is a public nuisance.

Prohibition
of possession
of water
hyacinth.

4. No person shall possess or keep the water hyacinth and every owner or occupier shall destroy any water hyacinth growing in or on any place belonging to or occupied by him in accordance with the rules made under this Act.

Power to
issue notice
and enter
upon land
to destroy
water
hyacinth.

5. (1) Any person duly authorized in that behalf by a Government Officer not below the rank of a Township Officer may serve such notice as may be prescribed by any rule made under this Act on the owner or occupier of any place to destroy the water hyacinth growing thereon, in accordance with the terms of such notice.

¹ Substituted by Act VII, 1944.

(2) If any owner or occupier on whom notice under this section has been duly served fails to comply therewith, such person may enter upon such place and take all the measures necessary for the destruction of the water hyacinth without being liable for trespass or for any injury to crops, pasture or fishery rights in so doing, and the costs of taking such measures or such portion thereof as may be sanctioned by the Deputy Commissioner shall be borne by the said owner or occupier, and shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land-revenue.

Contra-
vention of terms
of notice.

6. Any person who—

Penalties.

- (1) possesses or keeps the water hyacinth ; or
- (2) fails to destroy in accordance with the terms of the notice referred to in section 5 any water hyacinth which may be found growing in any such place as aforesaid ;

shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or upon a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

7. (1) The President of the Union may make rules for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.

Power to
make rules.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, the President of the Union may make rules—

- (a) prescribing the methods by which and the time within which the destruction of the water hyacinth shall be completed ;
- (b) prescribing the form and the term of a notice under section 5.

8. The President of the Union may, by notification, apply all or any of the provisions of this Act to any weed or plant which in his opinion is noxious, and to the seed or any part of such weed or plant, and thereupon such provisions shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to such weed or plant.

Power to
extend
provisions
to other
noxious
weeds or
plants.

နိုင်ငံတော်ကောက်ပဲသီးနှံ ရောင်းဝယ်ရေးအဖွဲ့ အက်ဥပဒေ။

[၁၉၅၀ ပြည့်နှစ်၊ အက်ဥပဒေအမှတ် ၅၇။] (၁၉၅၆၊ ဧပြီလ ၄ ရက်။)

အပိုင်း ၁။

ပဏာမ။

၁။ ။ (၁) ဤအက်ဥပဒေကို၊ ၁၉၅၀ ပြည့်နှစ်၊ နိုင်ငံတော်ကောက်ပဲသီးနှံ ရောင်းဝယ်ရေးအဖွဲ့အက်ဥပဒေဟုခေါ်ရမည်။

(၂) ဤအက်ဥပဒေသည်၊ ပြည်ထောင်စုမြန်မာနိုင်ငံတရားလုံးနှင့်သက်ဆိုင်ရမည်။

(၃) ဤအက်ဥပဒေသည်၊ နိုင်ငံတော်သမ္မတက၊ အမိန့်ကြော်ငြာစာထုတ်ပြန်ကျေညာ၍ သတ်မှတ်သည့်နေ့တွင်အာဏာတည်ရမည်။^၁

^၁ ၁၉၅၆၊ ဧပြီလ ၄ ရက်နေ့ကို၊ ဤအက်ဥပဒေ စတင်အာဏာတည်သည့်နေ့ဟု သတ်မှတ်သည်။ မြန်မာနိုင်ငံပြန်တမ်း ၁၉၅၆ ခု၊ အပိုင်း ၁၊ စာမျက်နှာ ၆၈၁ တွင်ကြည့်။